

ELECTRICAL INJURY EMERGENCY RESPONSE



DANGER

Shock Hazard

Don't become a second victim!

STEPS



Stop!! Do not touch the person. Look for the hazard.





Shut off power and/or rescue the person with nonconductive object if safe to approach.









Scan for more information at electricalsafety.lbl.gov



Call 911 from a landline to activate EMS.





Get an AED.

If necessary start **CPR** and apply **AED** within 3 minutes.







Barricade and control access.

Complete the Electrical Injury Notification.









More Information

QEW PREP

PRE-JOB EMERGENCY PREPARATION

- Power shutoff nearby and/or rescue hook available?
- ☐ Landline phone available for 911? Or does cell phone have strong signal?
- ☐ Clear exit path?
- AED nearby?
- ☐ Fire extinguisher nearby?
- ☐ 2nd person identified, trained and briefed?

FACTS

- A person receiving a shock may not be able to let go until power is shut off.
- A landline is the best way to ensure fastest response by EMS because it goes straight to a local dispatcher and registers the exact location.
- Standing/laying on a grounded metal platform or object is just as bad, or worse, than standing in water as it will cause much higher shock current.
- A severe shock can cause heart fibrillation.
 Delayed heart fibrillation may occur up to 24 hours
 after a shock, so evaluation by a health
 professional is required (an EKG will be
 performed).
- Even if fibrillation does not occur, severe shocks can cause significant internal cellular damage (electroporation). Symptoms may take a few days to develop.
- If heart is fibrillating, an AED should be applied within 3 minutes for best outcome, before brain damage starts to occur. If no AED is available continue CPR until EMS arrives.
- A fire extinguisher may be necessary if clothes are on fire.

DOs and DON'Ts

- **<u>DO</u>** include the emergency response plan in the job briefing.
- <u>DON'T</u> touch the person until power is off or the source is removed.
- <u>DO</u> look for electrical hazards such as water on floor, wires and cords, and open panels.
- <u>DON'T</u> approach a victim on a metal deck or walk into water unless power is shut off.
- <u>DO</u> use landline where possible to ensure fastest response time. Use a cell if necessary – ensure location is understood!
- <u>DON'T</u> pull the fire alarm since this will evacuate the building and confuse the response.
- <u>DO</u> ask others present to help call 911 and get the AED.
- <u>DON'T</u> send the person away in a taxi. Use the EMS ambulance.
- <u>DO</u> call for electrical support ASAP: Facilities, Engineering, EHS or any QEW.

FOR MINOR SHOCKS

- All shocks must be reported! Tell your supervisor.
- During normal hours, if the person does not require immediate EMS, escort the person to Health Services:
 - Call ahead at x6266.
 - The escort should be CPR trained if possible.
 - · Outside normal hours call 911 instead.
 - Health Services normal hours are M-F, 7:00 am - 4:30 pm.
- Complete an Electrical Injury Report (QR Code on front).